Comparison of dynamic programming and Divide and Conquer strategies

Divide-and-conquer algorithm	Dynamic Programming
Divide-and-conquer algorithms splits a problem into separate subproblems, solve the problems, and combine the results for a subproblems, and combine the results for a subproblem to the original problem. Solution to the original problem. Example: Quick sort, Merge sort, Binary search.	Dynamic Programming splits a problem into subproblems, some of which are common, solves the subproblems, and combines the results for a solution to the original problem. Example: Matrix Chain Multiplication, Longest Common Subsequence.
Divide-and-conquer algorithms can be thought of as top-down algorithms.	Dynamic programming can be thought of as bottom-up.
In divide and conquer, sub-problems are	In Dynamic Programming, sub-problems are not independent.
Divide & Conquer solutions are simple as	Dynamic programming solutions can often be quite complex and tricky.
Divide & Conquer can be used for any kind of	Dynamic programming is generally used for Optimization problems.
Only one decision sequence is ever generated.	Many decision sequences may be generated.